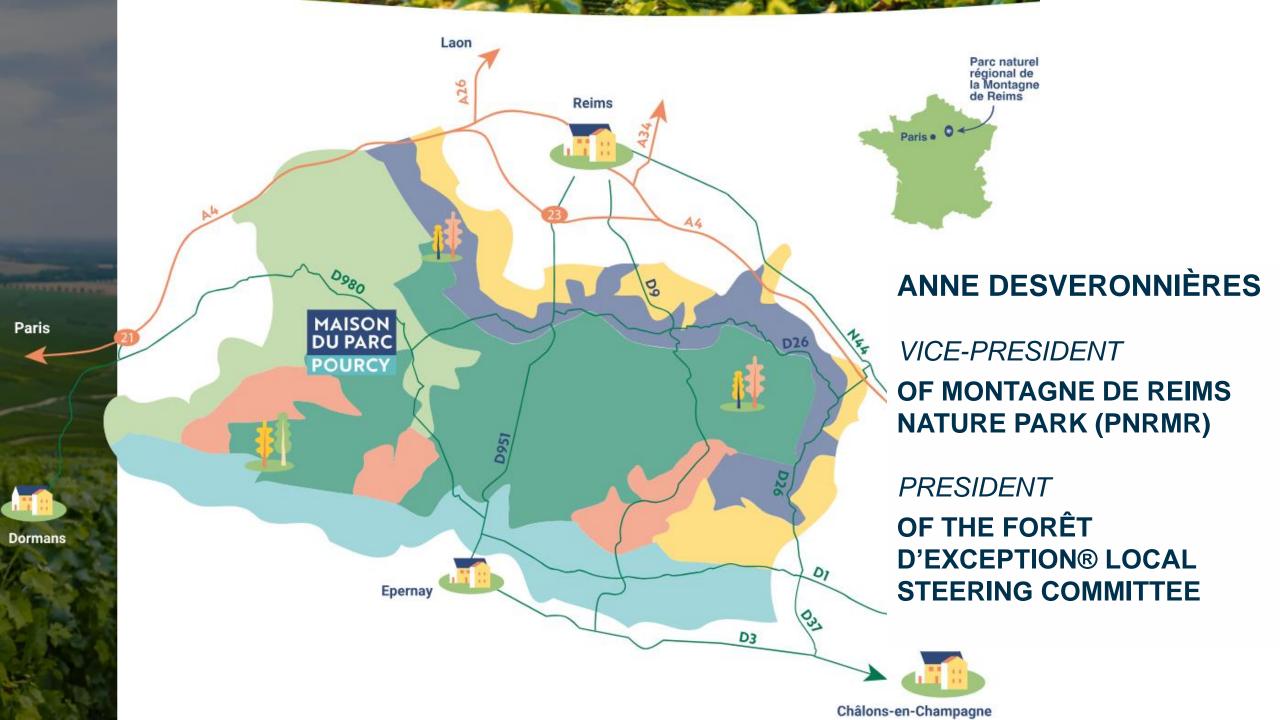






# MONTAGNE DE REMS REGIONAL PARK &

LABEL « FORÊT DEXCEPTION® »
MONTAGNE DE REMS



# Forest massif in Montagne de Reims regional Park

The idea of creating a "regional park" in Montagne de Reims was initially the idea of 3 municipalities strongly linked to the forest (in 1976)

The forest massif represents 40% of Montagne de Reims regional Park territory (20 000 hectares)

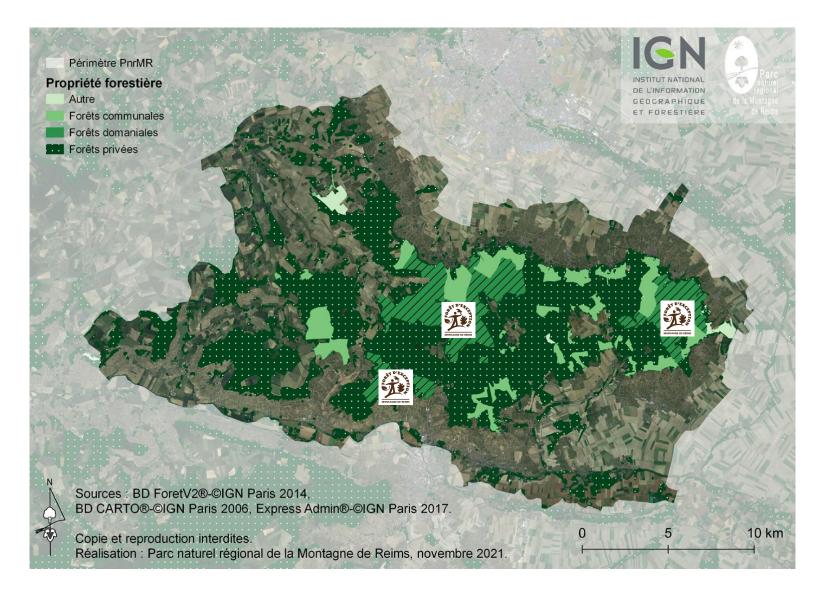
(other: 30% vineyards, 30% crops)

#### Among this forest massif:

- 3 state forests (15%)
- forests owned by municipalities (15%)
- private forests (70%)



# Forest massif in Montagne de Reims regional Park



#### State forests:



- Hautvillers state forest
- "Chêne à la Vierge" state forest
- Verzy state forest

## Verzy State Forest: a curiosity and a fragile nature site

Highest density of "twisted" beech trees in the world (Faux de Verzy): special trees at the heart of many legends. Scientific studies are still carried out to unravel the secret of these trees.

The site has been protected as a Biological Reserve status since 1981. Specific management measures are implemented.

Several ponds of environmental interest are also protected in Verzy state forest.

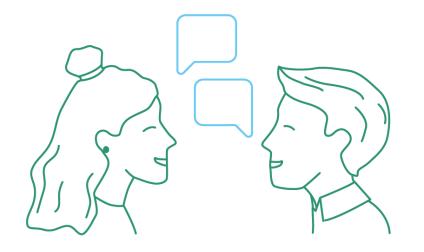
All these protective measures are necessary: this forest attracts the highest density of visitors in Montagne de Reims massif. (200 000 to 250 000 visitors a year).



### Label "Forêt d'Exception®"

Since 2017, the 3 state forests located in Montagne de Reims regional Park are awarded with this label

It regognizes the efforts for a sustainable, multifunctional and concerted forest management









ONF (the National Forestry Office) and PNRMR (Montagne de Reims regional park) are both « co-pilots » of this label

A local "Forêt d'Exception® Montagne de Reims" Steering Committee gathers a wide range of stakeholders (research, sponsorship, local representatives, wood industry, tourism, environment, sports, residents, etc..). This partnership helps defining the label strategy and actions.

The National Forestry is an associated partner of MONA Project

# « Forêt d'Exception® » : a national label



Sustainable and multifunctional forest management: what is it about?

#### 3 main roles of the forest:

- Environmental (nature preservation, biodiversity, carbon sink...)
- Economic (timber trade, and in our case: links between forest and vineyard)
- Social ("welcoming the public": tourism & leisure – walks, paths, parkings...)

# What are the main challenges?

In Montagne de Reims, a few examples of challenges linked to the 3 functions of our forests:

#### **Environment**

- Climate Change (project "Life Biodiv'Est" currently running in PNRMR)
- Pressure on flora and fauna from human presence and activities

#### **Economic**

- Imbalance between the reproduction of certain species and the need for forest renewal
- The need to develop a stronger local wood industry



# What are the main challenges?

In Montagne de Reims, a few examples of challenges linked to the 3 functions of our forests:

#### Social (tourism & leisure)

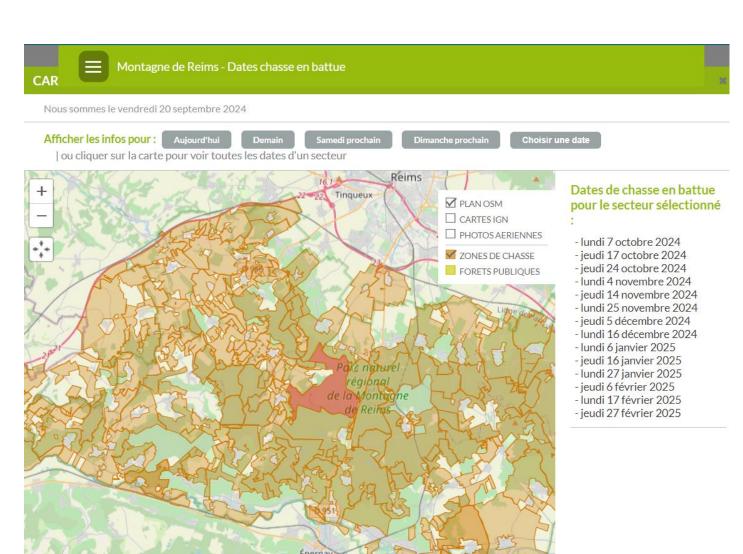
- Allowing people to enjoy nature (with as little impact as possible) through planning / project management (creation of paths, facilities,...)
- Reconciling different activities and publics (for example: hikers and mountain bikers, hunters, wood workers...)
- Visitor flow management





To encourage responsible visitor behaviour in the forests

# A website for hunting dates



Since 2012, the Park and the regional hunting federation share a website where the public can find the location and dates of hunts.

This information helps to avoid conflicts between walkers and hunters.

The hunting societies provide their hunting dates on a voluntary basis.

# Organisation of an event to promote outdoor activities and sustainable mobilities towards nature: "La Grande Traversée"



# Declination of the « Leave no trace » philosophy

Inspiration: « LEAVE NO TRACE » (Int.org)



Prendre connaissance des sentiers balisés, respecter la propriété privée, consulter les dates de chasse...

#### Laisser intact l'environnement

Laisser à leur place les éléments naturels (fleurs et plantes, roches, bois morts...).

## Utiliser les espaces aménagés et adaptés

Emprunter les itinéraires balisés, ne pas faire de hors-piste, piqueniquer sur les lieux prévus à cet effet

#### Respecter la vie sauvage

Privilégier les activités en journée, tenir les chiens en laisse, contourner les ornières...



# 1970s-1980s

A "no trace" program is formed for wilderness, backcountry travel and camping. The U.S. Forest Service, National Park Service and Bureau of Land Management cooperate distribute a pamphlet entitles "Leave No Trace Land Ethics."

Archive document from Ing.org

Zéro déchet sur site

**Feux interdits** 

En forêt et à moins de 300 mètres

Respecter les autres usagers







Communicate good practices for sports events organizers

- Use non permanent signs
- Take off signing and any trace of the event 48H after the event maximum
- No pollution on site
- Force participants to get round ruts
- New rules for night events













Thanks to MONA Project...

# Nudging: from this...



MONA



...to adapted nudging solutions (under development) to enhance responsible practice of outdoor activities in nature!

# Thank you!

#### ANNE DESVERONNIÈRES

VICE-PRESIDENT
OF MONTAGNE DE REIMS NATURE PARK (PNRMR)

PRESIDENT
OF THE FORÊT D'EXCEPTION® LOCAL STEERING
COMMITTEE

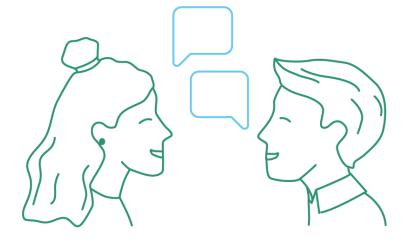












To know more about MONA Project in Montagne de Reims regional nature Park:

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